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THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.
ROUNDOUT, P. O., N. Y.

THE WEEKLY FREEMAN, a large, well-illustrated paper, will be sent to subscribers at \$1.50 per month, payable in advance. Address THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION, ROUNDOUT, P. O., N. Y.

JOHN POINTING in all its branches promptly, cheaply and neatly done. By the use of STRAY PAPER and a large force of workmen, we can work at a rate that distances all competition. We have facilities for printing Law Cases unequalled between New York and Albany.

THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. ROUNDOUT, P. O., N. Y.

SEWING MACHINES!

WILCOX & GIBB

SEWING MACHINES,

ATTACHMENTS, OIL, AND NEEDLES.

MACHINES RENTED,

EXCHANGED AND REPAIRED

Other Kinds of Machines

furnished if Desired.

A COMPETENT INSTRUCTRESS

ALWAYS IN THE OFFICE.

CASH'S BUILDING,

Garden St., Rondout.

ROUNDOUT REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE AGENCY,

LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE.

STOW & BENSON,

Representing the following First-

Class and Popular Insurance Companies,

WITH COMBINED CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF OVER

\$46,972,000.

LIVERPOOL, London and Globe.

ROYAL, Liverpool.

INSURANCE CO. of North

America, Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA FIRE, Philadelphia.

HOME, FIRE, New York.

WESTCHESTER, New York.

MERCHANTS, " "

LORELLARD, " "

ATLANTIC, " "

NIAGARA, " "

REPUBLIC, " "

EXCHANGE, " "

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS'

MARINE, N. Y.

HOME LIFE, New York.

All of which Adjust Losses Fairly and Promptly.

DANIEL B. STOW,

ANTHONY BENSON.

Would not be Without

VEGETINE!

FOR TEN TIMES ITS COST.

The greatest benefit I received from the use of

VEGETINE induces me to give my testimony in

favor. I believe it to be not only of great value

for restoring the health, but a preventive of

disorder, and a remedy for the most common

ailments. I continued to take it every day, gaining

strength, until I was completely restored to

health. The effect of this remedy in case of general

debility, is indeed marvelous.

ELIZABETH A. FOLEY.

May 24, 1871, 21 Webster St., Charlestown, Mass.

A Perfect Cure.

Mr. H. B. STEVENS: Dear Sir—I have used the

great Blood Remedy, Vegetine, and feel it a duty

to acknowledge the great benefit it has done me. In

the Spring of the year 1869, I was sick from general

debility caused by overwork, want of sleep, and

improper food. I was very weak, and could not

perform my duties. I tried many remedies without

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Early Railroad—"New and Then."

We clip the following interesting article on Early Railroad from the Rochester Union:

In the early part of the present month Mr. James Wood, with his favorite locomotive, number 34, made the run with the Directors' coach from Syracuse to Rochester (81 miles) in 89 minutes, and the day following made the return trip from Rochester to Syracuse in 85 minutes. The first trip made by a locomotive on the American continent was in 1828, and this was on the banks of the Lackawanna, connecting the canal of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company with their coal mines. The first engineer that ran this locomotive was Mr. Horatio Allen, and from a motive delivered by Mr. Allen at a railroad festival a few years since, I extract the following as related by him:

"The road had been built in the summer of 1828; the structure was of hemlock timber, and rails of large dimensions notched on caps placed far apart. The timber had cracked and warped from exposure to the sun. After about three hundred feet of straight line, the road crossed the Lackawanna creek on trestle work, about thirty feet to four hundred feet radius. The impression being general among the men that the iron monster would either break down the road or it would leave the track at the curve and plunge into the creek.

"My reply to such apprehensions was it was too late to consider the probabilities of such occurrences and that there was no other course than to have a trial made of the strange animal which had been brought to us at so great expense, but that it was not necessary that more than one person be involved in its fate, and that I would take the first ride alone, and that the time would come when I should look back to this incident with great interest. As I placed my hand on the handle of the throttle valve I was undecided whether I would move slowly or with a fair degree of speed, but believing that the road would prove safe, and preferring if we did go down to go handsomely and without any evidence of timidity, I started with considerable velocity, passed the curve over the creek safely and was soon out of hearing of the rest of the assembly. At the end of two or three miles I reversed the valve and returned without accident, having thus made the first railroad trip by locomotive on the Western Hemisphere."

The Mohawk Valley Railroad was completed from Schenectady to Utica in 1837, and improvements were made in locomotives and passenger coaches. The locomotives were built much larger, and the power was greatly increased. The passenger cars were improved by building frame bodies, which were placed over four wheel trucks, and family flats were put up in "gothic" style, and were divided off in three apartments, the seats running crosswise, with entrances from both sides of the car, opening to each apartment. Each room would seat eight persons quite comfortably, and a car load would number twenty-four persons.

The collector in charge of the train would collect the fares by walking on a narrow strip of plank scarcely placed on each side of the car, and at the door of each apartment, while holding on to an iron rod placed above his head, with one hand would collect the fares from each passenger. The Utica & Syracuse Railroad was completed in the early part of the summer of 1839, and on the 4th of July ran an excursion train over the road from Syracuse to Utica, carrying excursionists free. When freight cars were first introduced on the road they were called "stage wagons." William C. Young was the chief engineer in building the road from Schenectady to Utica, and for a number of years after its completion was the manager of the road. Fares were first collected over this road on the second day of August, 1836. Soon after this Mr. Julius A. Spencer, the well and favorably known present adjuster of claims of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, was appointed an assistant manager under Mr. Young, and was placed in charge of that section lying between Utica and Little Falls. At this time he had no time to spare to govern the dispatching or running of trains. A train of cars would leave Utica at a fixed hour in the morning of each week day, and run through to Schenectady as quick as possible, and return to Utica in the same manner.

After running the road in this manner a few years the manager was termed a "superintendent," and Mr. Spencer was appointed superintendent of the Utica and Schenectady Road, which position he held and performed his duties satisfactorily to the company, the public and the employees quite up to the consolidation of the various connecting lines. The first iron used in laying railroad tracks were flat iron rails, called by railroad men "strap rails." These were fastened to the wooden rails by spikes driven through holes in the bars into the wood. The bars were closely matched at the ends and remained firm for a while, but the constant passing of trains would work the spikes, and as they came loose they would cause the end of the bar to turn up, and then what was termed "snake-heads" would endanger the safe passage of trains. In many cases these "snake-heads" would pass over the cars and endanger the lives of passengers and throw the train off the track.

The speed and facilities of traveling at this early date of railroads, compared with the present, is almost unaccountable. Then, and for a considerable time after the completion of the tracks, there were but few freight trains required to handle the freight on the road, but few station agents existed along the various lines, and conductors were required to hold their trains long enough to visit the merchants and shippers at each hamlet or village where freight was to be delivered, to enable him to collect the freight bills upon the several parcels. The speed of freight trains was "dead" at eight miles an hour, while the passenger trains would hardly exceed eight miles an hour.

A reporter of the Canajoharie Radii recently returned home from New York, having safely escaped the perils of that wicked city, and the Radii says he was received with tears and open arms from one end of Canajoharie to the other, while the cry went out and up, "Kill the fatted prodigal; the calf has returned."

The Pope names no names, but is imperiously forcing upon an anonymous "great Protestant persecutor," who is inciting other Governments than his own to a "shameless carousal of religious oppression."

The gas question does not seem to die out at Rochester; the companies have commenced suing the people for not paying the enormous bills presented to them at the close of the last quarter.

The cantata of "The Flower-Queen," by Mr. F. G. Root, of Boston, appears to be very popular just now with amateurs in all parts of the country.

—Rochester has a round half dozen boat clubs.

LAWTON & STEBBINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS

AT LAW,

No. 5 Masonic Hall building, second floor,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

MEINHOLD & WEBB,

DISTILLERS OF

CIDER WHISKY,

Ellenville, N. Y.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS,

CHATELAIN BRAIDS, SWITCHES,

FRONTS, CURLS, WIGS, WHISKERS, MUSTACHES, Etc.

COMBINGS MADE UP to the best advantage. Old Switches colored at A. PEREZ'S, Main House Building, ROUNDOUT, N. Y.

AUGUSTUS SCHEPMOES,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

OFFICE IN JOHN ST., OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL.

Special attention paid to the collection of accounts.

LEWIS I. PATCHIN,

MILL ST., ROUNDOUT, N. Y.

LIVERY STABLE,

Good Horses and Rigs of every description constantly on hand.

SECORE,

The Hatter,

HAS REMOVED TO THE STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY E. P. VAIL

ON GARDEN STREET,

OPPOSITE ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

WATCHES & JEWELRY,

JOHN T. BOND JR.,

Formerly with J. Cottler, N. Y.

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

DIVISION ST., ABOVE UNION, ROUNDOUT.

Special attention given to the repairing of fine American, English and Swiss watches.

All kinds of Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the best manner.

STOVE POLISH & VARNISH

BENJAMIN FRIES,

MANUFACTURES THE

BEST ARTICLE OF STOVE

POLISH IN THE MARKET.

HOME STOVE POLISH

AND VARNISH

GIVES A NEAT POLISH WITH LESS LABOR THAN ANY OTHER.

IT WILL MAKE YOUR STOVES LOOK LIKE MIRRORS.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES MURPHY,

DIVISION STREET, ROUNDOUT.

RONDOUT SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICERS:

THOMAS CORNELL, PRESIDENT.

S. D. COYKENDALL, VICE PRESIDENT.

A. BENSON, SECRETARY.

TRUSTEES:

Thomas Cornell,

James G. Lindley,

William Schoonmaker,

Frederick Stephens,

Edward Thompson,

Thomas Murray,

Amel A. Crosby.

Place of business on the Second Floor of Masonic Hall Building.

SIX PER CENT INTEREST, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX, paid on all sums from \$5 to \$5,000.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS will commence on the first day of each month.

Business hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Tuesday evenings 6 to 9 P. M.

INSURANCE

Having purchased the

INSURANCE BUSINESS

—OF—

GEO. NORTH, JR.,

I am now prepared to effect all kinds of INSURANCE on most favorable terms.

FIRE INSURANCE

Effected in Companies of old standing and undoubted security.

MARINE INSURANCE

On terms and in Companies satisfactory to all.

LIFE INSURANCE

In the MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York City.

By a prompt and careful attention to business, we hope to merit the support of the public, and see us.

OFFICE 2d FLOOR, Newkirk Building,

DIVISION ST., ROUNDOUT, N. Y.

JOHN B. ALLIGER, Agent.

WHEREAS, DEWITT HAS

been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the 1st day of April, 1870,

executed by John B. Dewitt, of the Town of Shawangunk, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, to Jane Smith, then the wife of Gardner Smith, of the Town of Hurley, in the County and State aforesaid, to secure the payment of thirty-seven hundred dollars with interest thereon from the date thereof on the 1st day of April, 1872, and which mortgage was recorded in the Clerk's office of said County of Ulster in Book No. 11 of mortgages, on page 285, &c., on the 21st day of March, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M.

And whereas the said Jane Smith died intestate on the 11th day of January, 1874, leaving Cornelius C. Smith, John P. Smith, Richard C. Smith, Mary Dennis and Jeannette Van Wageningen, all above twenty-one years of age, as her only children and heirs-at-law, her surviving.

And whereas the said Cornelius C. Smith, John P. Smith, Richard C. Smith, Mary Dennis and Jeannette Van Wageningen, duly assigned and transferred all their right, title and interest in the said mortgage, and the bond accompanying the same, to their father, Gardner Smith, by assignment dated the 31st day of January, 1874, duly recorded in the said Ulster County Clerk's office.

And whereas the amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the time of the first publication of this notice is the sum of three thousand nine hundred and ninety-one dollars and sixteen cents, with \$3,000 of principal and \$291.16 of interest, and which is the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained and duly recorded as aforesaid, and in pursuance of the statute in this case made public at a sale of the premises therein described, at Public Auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, on the 20th day of May, 1874, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

The premises are described in the mortgage as follows: All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the Town of Shawangunk aforesaid, and is known and distinguished as being the same farm now owned and occupied by Jonathan Dewitt, and is described in three lots or parcels of land as follows, namely: Beginning with the lot of the said John D. Dewitt purchased from Willet Lenderman and his wife Sarah, and at a corner on the west side of the highway leading to Kingston, then as the needle point in the center of the lot, then as a line of the lot of land sold to Joseph Aldrich, then along the same south forty-two and three-quarter degrees west four chains seventy-one links, then north fifty degrees twenty-two minutes west seven chains thirty links to a stone set by the western side of the aforesaid highway, then along the same to the beginning, containing thirty-six acres of land.

Also all that other lot of land which is known as the same farm formerly owned by Jonathan Dewitt, and is bounded as follows, namely: Beginning at a corner of the lot and land owned by William Rosekrans, from thence south seventy-five degrees and thirty minutes west two chains sixteen links to the line of the first described lot, then along the same north forty-seven degrees and forty minutes west seven chains and fifty links to a lot bought by Samuel Aldrich and others, then south fifty degrees twenty-two minutes east twenty-nine chains thirty links to a stone set by the western side of the aforesaid highway, then along the same to the beginning, containing thirty-six acres of land.

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A Friendly Protest.
At any time in the near future the New York State should happen to be in the humor to accept a brotherly suggestion in a friendly spirit, we hope it will then consider what we here submit. That they and always belligerent little sheet yesterday morning, the editorial allusion to the retirement from the editorial chair of Dr. Adams after an exceptionally long and faithful service therein; remarking chiefly that Dr. Adams had never, to the knowledge of the Sun, done more than a single disgraceful act; said act being the delivery of a eulogy "some time ago" on Judge Noah Davis. The Sun proceeds to recommend the "retirement" of the Rev. Dr. Adams should at once "repent in dust and ashes." If the Sun intended nothing more serious than a joke by this caustic fashion of alluding to a worthy man, then we have simply to say that it is very unfortunate in the editorial chair. When we degenerate into scandal and humor becomes debased into common scurrility, no argument is needed to show that the men who are responsible for the blood and consult a respectable medical practitioner as to the state of their liver. If the Sun means what it says, we should explain that the Sun does not mention in what respect Dr. Adams spoke well of Judge Davis and leaves it consequently to be inferred that the Judge has not now nor ever had a single personal or official characteristic which would properly elicit the praise of any decent man. Nobody believes that, and if our memory of past events is at all to be trusted, plenty of people beside Dr. Adams were in ecstasies over Judge Davis at about the time the Tweed trial was righteously concluded. By the way, what a difference there can be (not simply a twist of the tongue and a twiddle of the pen) between the lights in which judges are regarded under different relations which folks sometimes bear to them. It is only lately we think since the Sun took down from the head of its editorial columns its long-standing quotation from Blackfoot on the right of American citizens to be tried for offenses by juries "in the land of their birth," and ages ago, we remember, the said quotation was born of the Dana libel suit. To be sure Judge Blackfoot is not accused of having made any money out of the moiety laws, but irrespective of that fact, what would probably have been the Sun's opinion of his honor and his acumen in case he had surrendered the body of Mr. Dana to the hungry vultures at Washington in this way, by protecting him as he did by a saving and sensible decision? We don't know the terms nor the spirit of Dr. Adams' remarks on Davis, yet, with a courage not less than the Sun's, "we do not hesitate to say" that they could not have been of a nature to call for that retired clergyman's investing himself with penitential sackcloth for the rest of his days.

Swing Him Up.
Prof. Swing, a Presbyterian minister of Chicago, is now on trial in that city under charge of Sabellianism, and the chances appear to be that he will be severely disciplined in some way—perhaps by expulsion from the church. When we read of it we wondered what the professor would do, and we were not long in finding that he had invented a new way to violate one of the old prohibitory commandments. On ransacking our memory and consulting the dictionary to help our memory, we found that Sabellianism was a good old son who lived and died about sixteen hundred years ago. He would never have been heard of and got his posthumous friend, Prof. Swing, in trouble, had not been an argumentative theologian. It appears that Sabellianism and some other fellows, also of a disputation turn of mind, held different opinions on the theological doctrine of the Trinity. Well, finally they got to quarreling over the matter and by-and-by commenced to call each other hard names, after the manner of bad boys in all countries and centuries. As things went they were not content with mere talk and inaugurated (as the moderns put it) a war of letters and pamphlets. If the art of printing had then been in vogue they would undoubtedly have lashed and abused each other to such a degree that neither would have been left sane, but would have been obliged to call them to order or shut them out of print altogether. As it was they poked each other with parchments and banged each other with blibles. Who was in the right of it nobody knew then nor does anybody know now. As bad luck would have it, the Common Council of the town where the furious forensic fighters lived, instead of burning up all the manuscripts and sending the writers thereof to jail for sixty days as nuisances, allowed them to die of their own ungovernable passions and preserved their papers to make more fuss in the ten unborn future. In the lapse of ages Professor Swing came upon the stage of clerical action; by reason of his fiery disposition, he was called by his fellow men, or more of those rusty old MSS. of Sabellianism. He read and agreed with their conclusions. As the lord of misrule would also have it, the presbytery of the Professor's church happened to get hold first of the letters and documents on the anti-theistic side of the ancient verbal battle, read and agreed with them. The general outcome of all this is that the presbytery and the Professor have fallen foul of each other on a question neither of their understandings in the least. But numbers must have their way, no matter who is nearer right; and so one Sabellian stands a wretched chance as opposed to a crowd of organized and equipped anti-Sabellians. The result will be that the Professor will be the end of it, and that too upon a disputed point as shadowy and idle as the old Homeric conundrum, "Who smote the Marble Gods of Greece?" Ah, ye pitying angels; what asses we are and what asses we pursue!

CURRENT TOPICS.
—The Cincinnati Common Council is worse even than Kingston's. It has repealed all its Sunday and Temperance ordinances by a vote of 38 to 8.
—Mr. Pinchback has dire secrets in his keeping, and he proposes to leak it he isn't properly treated. This is very terrible news for the Republican party. Let Mr. Pinchback be hung forthwith.
—Out of the frying-pan into the fire. Massachusetts has no sooner elected a Senator than she is plunged into a fierce discussion as to the opinions of her new Governor on prohibition.
—The Chicago Times, notwithstanding its former reputation doctrines, is dead against himself. It claims the right to change its opinion once in four years. This is allowable, where the change is for the better, as in this case.
—John Wentworth has come out on a platform as broad as he is long, which makes it tolerably extensive. He proposes to relieve agriculture from political dead-weights. This is absolutely necessary in view of the extraordinary number of Misawthers waiting for turn-ups.
—The Herald's suggestion that the Wall street financiers and business men who signed that remonstrance against inflation ought to know more about finance than prairie statesmen on the theory that ship-owners find trained seamen the best to put in charge of vessels, is not only common sense but we usually find in that paper.
—John Biglow wants President Grant to deliver a speech at the Centennial to be telegraphed all over creation simultaneously. The speech is to be boiled down from the condensed information furnished by a committee on industrial, moral and natural progress. The surplus will seek a foreign market, as will any other surplus. The balance of trade has nothing to do with the question. Duties on imports being required in coin creates a limited demand for gold and about enough to satisfy that demand remaining in the country. To increase this supply I see no way open but by the government hoarding through the

The moderate salvage claim of \$500,000 has been put into court by the finders of the steamer *America*. The vessel will remain under the control of the lawyers until the pending suits have been terminated in the course of law or compromised in some way. The French line will find a grain of comfort in the fact that the *America* is not a wreck, but a vessel of considerable value. The French line will find a grain of comfort in the fact that the *America* is not a wreck, but a vessel of considerable value. The French line will find a grain of comfort in the fact that the *America* is not a wreck, but a vessel of considerable value.

This last confession of Walt's is just a little suspicious. It looks as if it was a shrewd dodge of the young criminal to arouse public sympathy, for who would condemn any man for disposing of an organ-grinder—or a score of them? The French line will find a grain of comfort in the fact that the *America* is not a wreck, but a vessel of considerable value. The French line will find a grain of comfort in the fact that the *America* is not a wreck, but a vessel of considerable value. The French line will find a grain of comfort in the fact that the *America* is not a wreck, but a vessel of considerable value.

Inflation Vetoed.
We could furnish no piece of news more welcome to our readers this morning than that contained in our telegraphic column, the President's veto of the inflation bill. We give the message in full, by which it will be seen the President takes the most positive ground in opposition to expanding the currency and reminds Congress of the pledges given by it, by both parties and by himself to retain the currency at its present volume and return to specie payment at the earliest practicable date. The message ought to bring the financial lunatics of Congress to their senses, and it is to be hoped we may now have some common sense legislation on the currency question.

"Pumpkin-Headed."
Colonel Platt, editor of the Washington *Post*, was from home the other day and a relative by the same name presided in his stead. A writer upon the paper, having occasion to mention the name of Representative McKee, called him a "legislative pumpkin-headed." Mr. McKee was probably indignant at this and bawled out the writer. The explanation. Upon the editor *pro tem* admitting his responsibility for the epithet, McKee called him a "legislative pumpkin-headed." Mr. McKee was probably indignant at this and bawled out the writer. The explanation. Upon the editor *pro tem* admitting his responsibility for the epithet, McKee called him a "legislative pumpkin-headed."

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Correspondents please direct their letters to the Editor of this paper.

The appearance of this Freeman in the Kingston, Thursday, April 23, 1874, is the first of the new series. It is a new paper, and we are confident that it will be well received by the public.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

We are happy to announce to our patrons that we have secured the well-known Premium Job Printer, Mr. A. Y. HAIGHT, late of Ellenville, who will hereafter have entire charge of the Job Printing Department of the Freeman establishment. Mr. Haight's skill and taste are too well known to need any recommendation from us. We are now prepared to do the finest kinds of Job Printing at reasonable rates.

CITY NOTES.

Advertisements for The Weekly Freeman must be handed in this morning. The body of the man McGrath, drowned on Monday night, has not yet been recovered. Wm. Bertschke is excavating for a new building on his lot on Hudson street. Mr. Valentine Burgine, the florist, desires us to state that after May 1st he will not keep any larger on his premises. The dyke at the mouth of the creek has greatly increased in length since work upon it was resumed this spring.

On Wednesday 25 canal boats laden with 3,315 tons of coal reached tide water through the Delaware and Hudson Canal. The music by the Georgia Minstrels' band on Wednesday afternoon was particularly good, and that four-in-hand of Low Patch's wasn't slow.

Glycerine and whiskey is the latest remedy for a cold. Gray cake should be exercised in selecting the whiskey—the glycerine is not of so much consequence.

The firm of Kearney & Staples announce themselves in another column. They are active and energetic gentlemen and have their new store well filled with a fine stock of their line of goods.

Inspector General Wm. H. Morris will inspect the 20th Regiment National Guard, N. Y., on Monday, June 15th. The Captains and First Sergeants are ordered to attend with their troops at the armory immediately after the inspection of troops.

James Stokes, who resides in the upper part of the city, has four young foxes, about three weeks old, in his store. They were unearthed somewhere near Rosendale, and when running through the house look like Maltese kittens.

The floral display in the windows of Masten's drug store on Wall street is one of the conservatories of Valentine Burgine, an agency for their sale having been established at Masten's for the convenience of Kingston people.

The "Mulligan Guard," played by the Georgia Minstrels on their way from the ferry to the Mansion House on Wednesday, was well done and created considerable pleasure. We saw several horses that evinced a disposition to execute trippings on the light fantastic toe—"the delightful measure."

James Stokes, James Oliver and another person were riding along Flatbush avenue, near the corner of Hasbrouck avenue, Tuesday night, when the wagon ran into a dirt pile and turned bottom side up. Oliver was injured somewhat by falling under the wagon, and the wagon itself broken to pieces. The dirt had been piled up by workmen who were digging a cellar. No light was near the place.

The rains of the past few days have produced extensive freshets, and the lowlands along the Wallkill and its tributaries have all been under water. In the vicinity of Goshen the flats looked like small seas.

Personal. The Freeman is obliged to Mr. James McPherson of New York, lately arrived in this city, for Salt Lake City papers containing some very interesting letters by Mrs. A. G. Paddock, now Miss Hill, formerly a resident of Shokan in this county.

Thanks. The local of the Freeman is the recipient of a large bouquet of very beautiful trailing arbutus from a young lady who gathered it on the breezy hillside of old Hurley on Wednesday morning, and for which the aforesaid damsel will please accept our thanks.

A New Daily. We have received The Daily Union, a new paper issued in Port Jervis, of which Charles St. John, Jr., is the publisher and proprietor and of G. E. Fowler editor. It is a new sheet of good appearance, and we wish it success.

New Fuel. The Utica Herald says: "Mr. Fayette Hungerford of Rochester has patented an invention for burning crude petroleum in the furnaces of steam boilers, instead of coal. Three barrels of oil will burn as long as a ton of coal, and produce equal heat, while the difference in price is \$5.50 in favor of oil." Would not it appear funny to see the fireman on board of steamboats firing up by baling with a big dipper crude petroleum from a barrel into the furnaces?

Town. The following were yesterday's towns: Steamers G. A. Hoyt and Oswego—Lee E. Ackerly, Building, Town of Twaitskill, Peck and Church, 1,921, Marlboro', to Westchester; schooner of Plaster Mill, Newburgh, light 18, D. H. C. Co.'s boats to New York. Propeller Farrington Boat No. 683 to Marlborough; 1,927 to West Point; boat E. B. Eddy to Newburgh; J. R. Huber, P. B. Leroy to Newburgh.

The Minstrels Last Night. The entertainment given by the Georgia Minstrels in Washington Hall last evening drew a good audience, while the performance throughout was excellent, and was received with well-earned applause. The lecture by "Senator Otis," entitled "What Shall We do with Our Girls," though differing from Anna Dickinson somewhat in style, was as good, girls, as "For Your Sake." Another funny thing was "The Lawyer's Office in a Hurry." The troupe appeared this evening in Music Hall.

An Attempted Rape. Bartley Dolan, a young man who resides in Ponchockie and who it will be remembered was shot some time since in the arm by Mrs. Fischer, who keeps a boarding house nearly opposite the Rhinecliff ferryhouse, on Tuesday afternoon entered the place of a widow named O'Reilly, who keeps a little shop in the building on the corner of Court street and The Strand, and in the presence of the woman's children Dolan made an indecent assault on Mrs. O'Reilly. The children ran and fled from the house, and their screams, brought with the outcry made by the mother, together with the neighbors to the scene of the outrage, but before the perpetrator had effected his escape through a passage in the back part of the house. No arrest was made and there exists a decided disposition to keep the affair quiet, which is wrong, as young Dolan is a bad character and should get the extreme sentence of the law for the attempted outrage.

CIRCUIT COURT AND COURT OF OVER AND TERMINER.

Judge Douglas Nordman Presiding. In the case of *Almira A. Elliot, Johnson et al.* the jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff of \$800.

The following orders have been granted at the Special Term since the 20th: *The Utter County Savings Institution vs. George F. Van Beck, Thomas Corbett et al.*, ordered to be referred to A. B. Parker. This is a mortgage foreclosure. *The Utter County Savings Institution vs. George F. Van Beck, Thomas Corbett et al.*, ordered to be referred to A. B. Parker. This is a mortgage foreclosure. *The Utter County Savings Institution vs. George F. Van Beck, Thomas Corbett et al.*, ordered to be referred to A. B. Parker. This is a mortgage foreclosure.

The trial of No. 128, *Jacob Westbrock vs. Lodyvock Hasbrouck*, was then continued. A large portion of the examination was given to raking up and making public some family matters that were not very creditable to the parties concerned, the defendant being the uncle of plaintiff, while the rest of the examination was confined to the man's profession. In the matter of Maria Tenbroeck, a lunatic, the report of the referee, Howard Cook, was filed, when it was ordered that the commission and inquiry and proceedings thereon be referred to and determined by the court. The trial of No. 128, *Jacob Westbrock vs. Lodyvock Hasbrouck*, was then continued. A large portion of the examination was given to raking up and making public some family matters that were not very creditable to the parties concerned, the defendant being the uncle of plaintiff, while the rest of the examination was confined to the man's profession.

SUICIDE OF A BOATMAN.

Me Shoots Himself in the Cabin of his Boat while on Gokey's Way. Phineas Webster of Fort Ann, aged twenty-four years and captain of the boat H. S. Stewart, belonging to the Northern Transportation Line, committed suicide by shooting himself through the body near the heart, about two o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, while on the cabin of the boat, which was out on the lake. The body was discovered by the crew of the boat, and the captain of the boat, Mr. Gokey, was informed of the tragedy.

At a meeting of the members of the Bar of the county of Ulster, held at the Court House in Kingston on the 22d day of April, 1874, Hon. Maria Schoonmaker was chosen Chairman and William Loomis Secretary.

Hon. Wm. Lawton presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the Honorable Douglas Boardman, who has presided at the April Term of the Court, is entitled to the thanks of the members of the Bar of Ulster county for the urbanity and fairness with which he has presided, and that we express our profound respect for the diligence and with which he has discharged his duties.

Resolved, That a committee consisting of Messrs. Cantine, A. Schoonmaker, Jr., and Charles A. Fowler be appointed to present to the members of the Bar of Ulster county a memorial, and that these resolutions be published in our city newspapers.

Mr. Schoonmaker, Chairman. Mr. Cantine then said: Probably it is unnecessary for me to enter upon any extended remarks, as these resolutions represent the sentiment of our bar. But perhaps I may be permitted to say one thing in addition to the resolutions, and that is, that your Honor does seem to possess in an eminent degree that desirable quality in a Judge that, when a matter is decided all disputes are at an end. Your decisions, clothed in no unkind words, and exhibiting no harsh sentiment, at once make the bar feel that there is no necessity of future discussion, and that the business of the bar is at an end.

Of course, gentlemen of the Bar of Ulster, no man can be insensible to the kind feelings which are expressed in the resolutions, and it is the second time I have had the honor of being the recipient of similar resolutions from this bar, and it is a very gratifying, as it always is, to be able to realize what these resolutions attribute to me. Of course you can appreciate that I have no feelings in regard to the business transacted before me in this county, and can have none; for I have no knowledge of the parties or the incidents, and I have no local prejudices and know nothing that could by possibility induce me to act otherwise than fairly, and with the same impartiality to all who come before me. I have no local prejudices and know nothing that could by possibility induce me to act otherwise than fairly, and with the same impartiality to all who come before me.

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A GREENE COUNTY HORROR.

Waltz Refers to Another Murder. CATSKILL, April 22, 1874. Joseph Waltz confessed on Tuesday night that he murdered an organ grinder about three years ago. His words were substantially as follows: "I killed the organ grinder; then broke the instrument into pieces and buried the fragments in a stone wall; killed the man in the house, shortly after dinner; father was away from home at work, and mother was on the farm at work; I killed him by striking him in the back with a hatchet and buried his body in a ditch; wiped up the blood with a sponge and buried it with the man." Waltz then described marks where he had buried the man and the organ. A party is engaged in digging on the spot indicated by Waltz. Intense excitement prevails in Catskill over these new developments.

AN ORGAN GRINDER HIS VICTIM.

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SUICIDE OF A BOATMAN.

Me Shoots Himself in the Cabin of his Boat while on Gokey's Way. Phineas Webster of Fort Ann, aged twenty-four years and captain of the boat H. S. Stewart, belonging to the Northern Transportation Line, committed suicide by shooting himself through the body near the heart, about two o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, while on the cabin of the boat, which was out on the lake. The body was discovered by the crew of the boat, and the captain of the boat, Mr. Gokey, was informed of the tragedy.

At a meeting of the members of the Bar of the county of Ulster, held at the Court House in Kingston on the 22d day of April, 1874, Hon. Maria Schoonmaker was chosen Chairman and William Loomis Secretary.

Hon. Wm. Lawton presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the Honorable Douglas Boardman, who has presided at the April Term of the Court, is entitled to the thanks of the members of the Bar of Ulster county for the urbanity and fairness with which he has presided, and that we express our profound respect for the diligence and with which he has discharged his duties.

Resolved, That a committee consisting of Messrs. Cantine, A. Schoonmaker, Jr., and Charles A. Fowler be appointed to present to the members of the Bar of Ulster county a memorial, and that these resolutions be published in our city newspapers.

Mr. Schoonmaker, Chairman. Mr. Cantine then said: Probably it is unnecessary for me to enter upon any extended remarks, as these resolutions represent the sentiment of our bar. But perhaps I may be permitted to say one thing in addition to the resolutions, and that is, that your Honor does seem to possess in an eminent degree that desirable quality in a Judge that, when a matter is decided all disputes are at an end. Your decisions, clothed in no unkind words, and exhibiting no harsh sentiment, at once make the bar feel that there is no necessity of future discussion, and that the business of the bar is at an end.

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VINEGAR BITTERS
Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California. The medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative, well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion, Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bileous Disorders.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Cathartic, Nutritive, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkable during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Serofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Abscesses, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Humors in the Blood, and a host of other constitutional diseases. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Painting and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the bowels, or to guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Scurs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scabies, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever nature or origin, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuge, no anthelmintic will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or sores, cleanse it when it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, California, and
of Washington and Charleston, S. C. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Commercial Printing.

All the Latest Conveniences and stylish faces of type for Printing

Business Cards,
Letter Heads,
Bill Heads,
Note Heads,
Statements,
Receipts,
Circulars,
Check Books,
Price Lists,
Envelopes.

BANK STATIONERY.

Our Facilities are Unsurpassed by any office on the Hudson River for the execution of

CHECKS,
DRAFTS,
NOTES,
RECEIPTS,
DEPOSIT TICKETS,
PASS BOOKS
for Savings Banks, &c.

BALL and Concert Printing.

New and Unique designs for the production of all kinds of

Invitations, Programmes,
Show Cards,
Orders of Dancing,
Admission Tickets,
Badges, &c.

COLOR WORK.

Our Material has been selected with special reference to this Class of Work; and with the most improved Presses, we are enabled to print

Illuminated Show Cards,

BUSINESS CARDS.

LABELS, BILLS OF FARE.

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PAMPHLET WORK.

Everything in this line, from the finest Illustrated Catalogue to the cheapest advertising almanac, we are prepared to do at less than city prices.—We have superior facilities for the prompt execution of

LAW CASES, BRIEFS, POINTS, &c.

RAILWAY BLANKS.

We offer special inducements to Railway companies, being prepared to turn out this class of work in the most expeditious manner. Printed and blanks ruled and headed with COPIING INK, if desired, which will copy in an ordinary letter press as readily as the writing fluid.

WEDDING INVITATIONS,

VISITING CARDS, &c.,

Printed in a style that will rival the best engraving, and at less than half the cost.

Posters and Hand Bills

In the most attractive form, at short notice, and at prices as low as the lowest.

A. V. HAIGHT, Supt.



MARKS JACOBS

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Garden St. Rondout.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.—THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—In and to the requirements of the 7th section of chapter 48 of the Laws of 1878, the undersigned, Judge of the Supreme Court, residing in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms within said Third Judicial Department, for two years, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and assign Justices to hold said Courts as follows:

CIRCUIT COURTS AND COURTS OF OYER AND TERMINER

ALBANY.	WESTROCK.
Fourth Monday in January.	Learned.
First Monday in May.	Westbrook.
First Monday in October.	Westbrook.
First Monday in December.	Ingalls.

COLUMBIA

Westbrook.	
Fourth Monday in January.	Learned.
Fourth Monday in March.	Ingalls.
First Monday in October.	Ingalls.

GREENE.

Westbrook.	
Third Monday in February.	Learned.
First Monday in June.	Ingalls.
Second Monday in December.	Learned.

SCHOENBROOK.

Westbrook.	
Second Monday in January.	Learned.
Third Monday in October.	Learned.

SULLIVAN.

Learned.	
Fourth Monday in May.	Ingalls.
Fourth Monday in October.	Ingalls.

Second Monday in February. Ingalls. || Second Monday in November. | Westbrook. |

CLIFF.

Ingalls.	
Second Monday in January.	Learned.
First Monday in April.	Learned.
First Monday in October.	Learned.

Special Terms for Motions only, at City Hall, Albany

Ingalls.	
Last Tuesday of January.	Learned.
Last Tuesday of February.	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of March.	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of April.	Learned.
Last Tuesday of May.	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of June.	Learned.
Last Tuesday of July.	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of August.	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of September.	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of October.	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of November.	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of December.	Ingalls.

Special Terms for Motions and Argument of Deeds, at Hudson and Chambers.

Westbrook.	
First Tuesday of every month, at Troy—Ingalls.	Learned.
Second Tuesday of every month, at Albany—Westbrook.	Learned.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Hudson—Miller.	Learned.
Fourth Tuesday of every month, at Kingston—Westbrook.	Learned.

When Judges are not otherwise engaged such District and always open for a *pro parte* business.

W. H. INGALLS,
T. H. WESTBROOK,
Justices of the Supreme Court.

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It contains the latest and most interesting information pertaining to the Industrial, Mechanical and Scientific Progress of the World; Descriptions, with beautiful Engravings, of new Inventions, New Implements, New Processes, and Improved Machinery; and is a valuable source of information for the Engineer, Architect, Manufacturer, and all those engaged in the various arts and trades.

Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery and novel inventions. It is a valuable source of information for the Engineer, Architect, Manufacturer, and all those engaged in the various arts and trades.

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FERRY STREET, STRAND,

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Lime and Cement

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lin's Superior

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Special Agents for the Celebrated

KEENAN LIME.

AND ARNICA.

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The ready cure for Injuries, Bruises,

Strains or Cuts.

The prompt relief for Burns, Scalds

and Sunburns.

The greatest styptic or stauncher of

bleeding known—arrests nose bleed,

bleeding gums, spitting of blood, bleed-

ing lungs or stomach &c. &c.

The always sure and unfailing cure

for Piles.

The prompt relief of Toothache, Ear-

ache, Face-ache or Neuralgia.

The cure for Rheumatic Pain, Lam-

eness, Stiffness.

The cure for Catarrh of the Bladder,

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Sores, Corns and Bunions.

The only cure for Varicose Veins.

The magical relief of Chills, Fever, Pro-

fuse, Malaria, Bites and Stings of

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The cure for Scrofula, Eruptions, Ex-

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It produces no Stain, Discoloration or

Irritation.

It is the great stable remedy for

Scrofula, Leucoderma or Scurvy, etc.

It is invaluable for Bathing, Shaving,

etc.

Sold down town by Devo, Knapp, Laycock, Allen,

Hale, Upton by Eiting, Van Dusen, O'Neil,

Masten, Curtis, Ewen, Burdane, Acker, Keator,

Stoker, Joy, Dubois, Fletcher and at country stores.

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April 16, 12w

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Rondout, April 1, 1874. A. DODGE.

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Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable Preparation, made chiefly from the herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California. The medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are a great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded, possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative, well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion, Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Disorders.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritive, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or disease, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Serofula, or King's Evil, White Swelling, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Gout, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, &c. In these, as in all other constitutional diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative power in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Painting and kindred, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetters, Salt-Rheum, Itch, Scabies, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scars, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever nature or origin, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, or those of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Bitters display a decided influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, and of Washington and Charleston, S.C. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

MILK OF MAGNESIA.
A CONCENTRATED
LIQUID MAGNESIA!

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Manufacturing Chemist,
NEW YORK.

Adapted and prescribed by all the
LEADING PHYSICIANS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY

AS THE
GREATEST ANTACID
Yet presented to the Medical Public.

It Immediately and Certainly
Relieves Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia and Headache.

Caused by acidity or sourness of the Stomach or Bile. Its action is a laxative for children is superior to any other preparations, requiring no permission to induce them to take it, and is peculiarly adapted to females during pregnancy.

A positive prevention against the food of infants souring on their stomachs.

MILK OF MAGNESIA

Indispensable for GOUT, RHEUMATISM, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, &c., &c.

For children it is invaluable; it prevents food souring on the stomach, and serves the purpose of the various syrups now in use, with none of their unfavorable results.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

NOTE: If your children have eaten to excess, give them MILK OF MAGNESIA. Your Druggist has it.

All are liable to eat and drink to excess, therefore all should use MILK OF MAGNESIA.

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Circulars,
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Everything in this line, from the finest Illustrated Catalogue to the cheapest advertising almanac, we are prepared to do at less than city prices.

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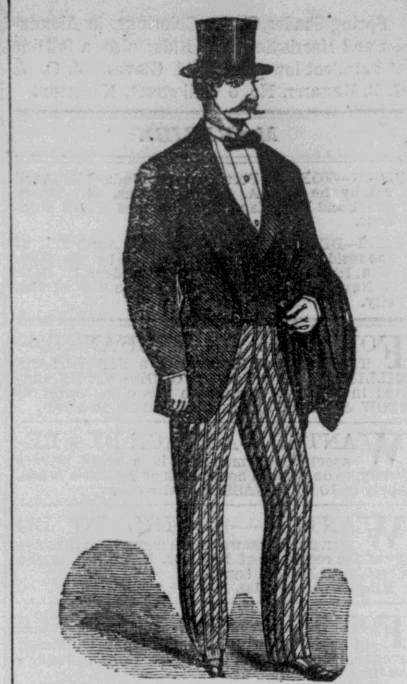
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MARKS JACOBS

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Garden St. Rondout.

IN THE SUPREME COURT—

THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Pursuant to the requirements of the 17th section of chapter 48 of the Laws of 1875, the undersigned, Justices of the Supreme Court, residing in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms within said Third Judicial Department, for two years, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and assign Justices to hold said Courts as follows:

CIRCUIT COURTS AND COURTS OF OYER AND TERMINER

ALBANY
Fourth Monday in January, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
First Monday in May, Westbrock, Ingalis.
First Monday in October, Westbrock, Ingalis.

COLUMBIA
Fourth Monday in January, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
First Monday in May, Westbrock, Ingalis.
First Monday in October, Westbrock, Ingalis.

GREENE
Third Monday in February, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
First Monday in June, Westbrock, Ingalis.
Second Monday in December, Westbrock, Ingalis.

SCHOENHARTEN
Second Monday in January, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Third Monday in April, Westbrock, Ingalis.
Third Monday in October, Westbrock, Ingalis.

SULLIVAN
Fourth Monday in May, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Fourth Monday in October, Westbrock, Ingalis.

WASHINGTON
Second Monday in February, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Third Monday in April, Westbrock, Ingalis.
Second Monday in November, Westbrock, Ingalis.

ULSTER
Second Monday in January, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Second Monday in April, Westbrock, Ingalis.
First Monday in October, Westbrock, Ingalis.

Special Terms for Motions only, at City Hall, Albany

Last Tuesday of January, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of February, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of March, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of April, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
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Last Tuesday of August, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of September, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of October, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of November, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Last Tuesday of December, Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.

Special Terms for Motions and Argument of Deceased and Chancery.

First Tuesday of every month, at Troy—Ingalis.
Second Tuesday of every month, at Albany—Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Hudson—Miller.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Kingston—Learned Westbrock, Ingalis.

When Justices are not otherwise engaged such terms are only for motions in the Third Judicial District and always open for ex parte business.

W. L. LEARNED,
W. L. LEARNED,
Justices of the Supreme Court.

HARDWARE!

To Builders, Farmers & Others!

If you want bargains call and examine the stock of

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Great Inducements to Buyers!

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL.

Nails, Spikes, Builders' Hardware, Carpenters', Blacksmiths', Wagon-Makers' and Coopers' Tools.

Axles, Springs, Horse-Shoe Nails, Nail-Rods, Wagon Woodwork, such as Spokes, Felloes, Hubs, Shafts, Poles, &c.

Shell Hardware.

Always on hand the cheapest and best. Cheapest Warehouse in buying what they want in their line at Dodge's.

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Forks, &c., of every description.

Rondout, April 1, 1875. A. DODGE.

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Oats, Corn, Hay, Feed,

Lime and Cement

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SING SING LIME.

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The ready cure for Injuries, Bruises, Sprains or Cuts.

The prompt relief for Burns, Scalds and Sunburns.

The greatest styptic or stauncher of bleeding known—dressing Nose Bleed, Bleeding Gums, Spitting of Blood, Bleeding Lungs or Stomach like magic.

The always sure and unfailing cure for Piles.

The prompt relief of Toothache, Earache, Face-ache or Neuralgia.

The cure for Rheumatic Pain, Lameness, Sciatica, Stiffness.

The cure for Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed or Enlarged Tonsils.

The cure for Gravel, Renal Calculi, Kidney Complaints, Strangury.

The cure for Simple Diarrhea, Colic and Chronic Diarrhea.

The cure for Catarrhs, Leucorrhoea or Internal Obstruction.

The prompt cure for Boils, Ulcers, Old Sores, Corns and Bunions.

The only cure for Varicose Veins.

The magical relief of Chilblains, Frost-bitten Parts, Mosquito Bites and Stings of Insects.

The cure for Scorpions, Excoriations, Chancres or Chaps.

It produces no Stain, Discoloration or Irritation.

It is the great standard remedy for Sprains, Lameness or Stiffness, &c.

It is invaluable for Bathing, Shaving, &c.

Sold down town by Deys, Knapp, Laycock, Allen, Hale, Upson by King, Van Dusen, O'Neil, Masten, Curtis, Egan, Barnard, Acker, Keator, Stokes, Joy, Dubois, Fletcher and at country stores.

Prepared only by N. & J. A. CURTIS.

THE BEST PAPER!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, now in its 29th year, enjoys the widest circulation of any weekly newspaper of the world. A new volume commenced January 3, 1874.

Its contents embrace the latest and most interesting information pertaining to the Industrial, Mechanical and Scientific Progress of the World; Descriptions of new Inventions, New Processes, and Improved Machinery; and, in general, all the progress of the human mind in every branch of Science, Literature, Art, and Commerce.

It contains the most complete and accurate list of all the new inventions, discoveries, and improvements of the year, with full descriptions of each, and the names of the inventors.

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It is the best paper for the soldier, the sailor, and the statesman.

It is the best paper for the man of letters, the man of science, and the man of action.

It is the best paper for the man of the world, the man of the future, and the man of the past.

It is the best paper for the man of the hour, the man of the day, and the man of the age.

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